ISBN: 978-969-9948-58-6

EIACN 2023

3rd International Conference on Engineering, Information Technology, Appl Applied Sciences, Design Engineering & Artificial Intelligence

January 07-08, 2023 / Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

Proceedings of 3rd International Conference on Engineering, Information Technology, Applied Sciences, Computer Software & Networking (EIACN)

Conference organized by:





This conference is dedicated to educators all over the world and to the members of the Research Forum for Applied Sciences Engineering and Technology (RFAET) whose passion for teaching, learning, research, and service are helping to transform the academy in many positive ways.

Mission, Vision, and Core Values

Exploration of new research bits of knowledge and an intuitive stage for improving innovation and advancement

Lead the researchers through global communication and collaboration.

Scholastic Innovation, Excellence and Integrity, Insightful Research, Networking, Professional Leadership, Assorted Variety and Equity, Collegiality and Collaboration, Corporate Social Responsibility

Membership, Conference, Publishing, and Research Information If you are interested in serving as the volunteer reviewer for the next conference, please contact: mail: info@aet-forum.com Web site: aet-forum.com



Research Forum for Applied Sciences Engineering and Technology

Table of content

Welcome Message	5
Scientific Committee	6
Conference Description	7
Conference Schedule	8
Inclusive Economic Growth And Refugee Crisis In Europe: A Temporal Analysis	13
Proposal of Simple Gait Analysis of Six-Legged Mobile Robot Using Tetrahedral Shaped Pneumatic Soft Actuators	15
Forecasting Asean Tourist Arrivals In Malaysia Using Different Time Series Models	16
Characteristics Of Sinonasal Anatomical Variation In Chronic Rhinosinusitis Patients Based On Ct Scan Finding	18
Prevalence Of Acute Otitis Media In North Sumatera Province, Indonesia	19
Expression of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor in Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma in H. Adam Malik	
General Hospital Medan	20
The Correlation Between Chlorine Exposure with Olfactory Function Disorders in Textile Factory Workers of	
PT. X in Medan	21
Upcoming Events	22



Welcome Message

The Research Forum for Applied Sciences Engineering and Technology (RFAET) welcomes you to the 3rd International Conference on Engineering, Information Technology, Applied Sciences, Computer Software & Networking . We are happy you decided to join your colleagues from around the world to explore innovative technologies, pioneering pedagogical strategies, and a sampling of international collaborations that are being used to engage and retain students, researchers and Scholars in the new millennium.



Scientific Committee

Jan Fook, International Centre for Higher Education Educational Research, Leeds Trinity University, UK Jennifer Bowerman, MacEwan University, Canada Jo Ann Rolle, Medgar Evers College, The City University of New York, USA John Davies, Victoria University of Wellington, New Zealand Julie Baldry Currens from Higher Education Academy, UK Lela Pumphrey, The British University in Egypt Lobna Ali Al-Khalifa, National Authority for Qualifications & Quality Assurance of Education & Training (QQA), Bahrain Jan Fook, International Centre for Higher Education Educational Research, Leeds Trinity University, UK Jennifer Bowerman, MacEwan University, Canada Jo Ann Rolle, Medgar Evers College, The City University of New York, USA John Davies, Victoria University of Wellington, New Zealand Imbarine Bujang, Universiti Teknologi MARA, Malaysia Jeff Ritter, Marketing Concentration Chair, Keiser University, USA Jennifer Bowerman, MacEwan University, Canada JP Spencer, Cape Peninsula University of Technology, Cape Town, South Africa Lobna Ali Al-Khalifa, National Authority for Qualifications & Quality Assurance of Education & Training (QQA), Bahrain ManojKumar Gandhi, Jaysingpur College of Arts, Commerce, Science and Computer Science, Maharashtra State, India Mudrajad Kuncoro, Gadjah Mada University, Yogyakarta, Indonesia Justin Henley Beneke, University of Winchester, UK

Acknowledgements

The organizing committee would like to thank all those people who were involved in making the conference a success. A great amount of planning and organizing is required to hold a successful conference, so we are indebted to those who volunteered their time and energy.

We want to thank all the members of the Research Forum for Applied Sciences Engineering and Technology (RFAET) who volunteered their time to help organize the conference.



Conference Description

Research Forum for Applied Sciences Engineering and Technology (RFAET) provides an excellent venue for generating ideas. Conference participants will explore the latest trends, practices, and research in engineering technology and Applied Sciences tracks. The program will emphasize experimentation and pushing the boundaries of higher education.

ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Acoustical Engineering Aerospace Engineering, Agricultural Engineering Biological Engineering and Sciences, Biological Systems Engineering Biomedical Engineering, Bioprocess Engineering Biotechnology, Building Services Engineering Chemical Engineering, Industrial Engineering Information Engineering, Informational Technology Manufacturing Engineering and Technology, Materials Engineering Mechanical Engineering, Mechatronics Nanotechnology and Nanoengineering, Naval Engineering Nuclear Engineering, Technology for Cloud Computing Technology for Community, Technology for Digital Age Technology for Human Use, Technology for Learning Civil Engineering, Energy Engineering Environmental Engineering, Food Engineering Genetic Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering Ocean Engineering and Technology, Optical Engineering Petroleum Engineering, Power Engineering Process Engineering, Resource Engineering Sensing Technology, Structural Engineering Systems and Software Engineering, Technology for Big Data Textile Engineering, Thermal Engineering Transport Engineering, Web Engineering Vehicle Engineering

APPLIED SCIENCES

Artificial Intelligence, Architecture, Astronomy, Biological Sciences, Botany, Chemistry, Design, Earth Science, Ecology, Marine Science, Physics, Space Sciences, Life sciences, Computer Sciences, Logic, Mathematics, Statistics, Systems Science, Electrical Engineering, Information, Technology, Industrial Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Applied Physics, Health Sciences and Medicine, Ceramic Engineering, Computing Technology, Electronics, Energy, Environmental Engineering Sciences, Engineering physics, Environmental Technology, Fisheries Science, Forestry Science, Materials Engineering Micro technology, Nanotechnology, Nuclear, Technology, Optics, Zoology Transportation

Conference Awards

Best Paper Awards

The Organizing Committee will select the best paper considering the recommendations of the Scientific Review Committee based on the relevance to the theme, academic contribution, accuracy of the methodology, clarity of contents.

Best Presentation Awards – Sessions

The best presenter in each session will be selected considering the scientific quality, contents, time management, presentation style and level of interaction with the audience. The best presenter in each session will get a certificate.

Best Presentation Awards – Students

These awards will be awarded the best presenters selected from the PhD or Master level students' presenters. The selection criteria will be scientific quality, contents, time management and presentation style.



Conference Schedule

3rd International Conference on Engineering, Information Technology, Applied Sciences, Computer Software & Networking (EIACN)

The Federal Kuala Lumpur Malaysia January 08-09, 2023

 09: 00 am - 09: 20 am
 Registration and Reception

 09: 20 am - 09: 30 am
 Opening ceremony

 09: 30 am - 09: 50 am
 Key Note Speech By Salem M AlAnazi

 09:50 am - 10: 00 am
 Welcome Remarks

 10: 00 am - 10:30 am
 Tea Break



3rd International Engineering, Information Technology, Applied Sciences, Computer Software & Networking

Day 01: Saturday January 07, 2023

Session 01: (10:30 am – 12: 30 pm)

Track A: Business, Management, Economics, Social Sciences & Humanities Presenter Name: Paula Puskarova Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-104 Paper Title: Inclusive Economic Growth and Refugee Crisis in Europe: A Temporal Analysis

Track B: Engineering, Technology, Computer and Applied Sciences

Presenter Name: Kenta Hase

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-101

Paper Title: Proposal of Simple Gait Analysis of Six-Legged Mobile Robot Using Tetrahedral Shaped Pneumatic Soft Actuators

Presenter Name: Rafidah Binti Ali

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-107

Paper Title: Forecasting Asean Tourist Arrivals In Malaysia Using Different Time Series Models

Track C: Medical, Medicine and Health Sciences

Presenter Name: Nikita Frindya

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-109

Paper Title: Characteristics Of Sinonasal Anatomical Variation In Chronic Rhinosinusitis Patients Based On Ct Scan Finding

Presenter Name: Aditiya Yuda Perkasa Alam Simbolon

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-119

Paper Title: Prevalence Of Acute Otitis Media In North Sumatera Province, Indonesia

Presenter Name: Yuli Tetriana Sari

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-115

Paper Title: Expression of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor in Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma in H. Adam Malik General Hospital Medan

Presenter Name: Carlo Maulana Akbar

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-114

Paper Title: The Correlation Between Chlorine Exposure with Olfactory Function Disorders in Textile Factory Workers of PT. X in Medan.



Conference Attendees

The following scholars/practitioners/educationist who don't have any paper presentation, however they will attend the conference as delegates & observers.

Participant Name: UMAIR TAHIR

Reference ID: EIACN-JAN23-125

Country: PAKISTAN

Closing Ceremony & Lunch (12:30 pm – 01:30 pm)



3rd International Conference on Engineering, Information Technology, Applied Sciences, Computer Software & Networking (EIACN)

Day 02: Sunday Januay 08, 2023

Conference second day is reserved for participants own tourism activities.



Track A: Business, Economics, Social Sciences and Humanities



Inclusive Economic Growth And Refugee Crisis In Europe: A Temporal Analysis

Paula Puskarova ^{*} Puskarova, University of Economics in Bratislava, Slovakia **Corresponding email:** paula.puskarova@euba.sk

The paper presents a temporal analysis of the asylum seekers inflows into the European Union using official statistics and links it with inclusive growth theories. The paper questions welfare and environment as two main drivers of refugee crisis into the European Union over the past years. It also challenges the term crisis discussing it within its socioeconomic context.

Index Terms: Migration, Asylum Seeker, Crisis, Environment, Europe



Track B: Engineering, Technology, Computer and Applied Sciences



Proposal of Simple Gait Analysis of Six-Legged Mobile Robot Using Tetrahedral Shaped Pneumatic Soft Actuators

Kenta Hase ^{1*}, Tetsuya Akagi ², Takashi Shinohara ³, Feifei Cho ⁴, Masashi Yokota ⁵ ^{1,2,3,4, 5} Okayama University of Science Japan **Corresponding email:** akagi@ous.ac.jp

As a core training device that a user can ride on it, the six-legged mobile robot using tetrahedral shaped flexible actuators (TSAs for short) was proposed and tested in the previous study. The tested robot could move toward six radial directions and rotate toward both directions. In order to confirm the stability of gait, a simple model for gait analysis of the mobile robot was proposed. The stability margin based on gait analysis was carried out. As a result, it could be confirmed that the proposed gait has very stable with constant margin. In addition, the improved gait without lifting motion was proposed. The proposed gait was confirmed stable by gait analysis. As a result, the moving speed of the robot was improved from 80.4 mm/s to 94.4 mm/s.

Index Terms: Gait Analysis, Mobile Robot, Tetrahedral Shaped, Soft Actuators



Forecasting Asean Tourist Arrivals In Malaysia Using Different Time Series Models

Rafidah Binti Ali ^{1*},Ani Shabri ² ^{1,2}UNIKL MITEC, Malaysia **Corresponding email:** rafidahali@unikl.edu.my

In this study four time series models are used for forecasting monthly ASEAN tourist arrivals in Malaysia from January 1999 to December 2015. Brunei, Thailand and Vietnam of ASEAN country selected as case study. This paper compares the forecasting accuracy of seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA), Support Vector Machine (SVM) and Wavelet Support Vector Machine (WSVM) and Empirical Mode Decomposition with Wavelet Support Vector Machine (EMD_WSVM) using root mean square error (RMSE) and mean absolute percentage error (MAPE) criterion. Moreover, correlation test has also been carried out to strengthen decisions, and to check accuracy of various forecasting models. Based on the forecasting performance of all four models, hybrid model SARIMA and EMD_WSVM are found to be best models as compare to single model WSVM and SVM.

Index Terms: Forecasting, Tourist Arrivals, SARIMA, SVM Model, WSVM Model



Track C: Medical, Medicine & Health Sciences



Characteristics Of Sinonasal Anatomical Variation In Chronic Rhinosinusitis Patients Based On Ct Scan Finding

Nikita Frindya^{1*}, Delfitri Muni², Andrina Y. M. Rambe³

^{1,2,3} Universitas Sumatera Utara / H. Adam Malik General Hospital Medan, Indonesia **Corresponding email:** frinadya@gmail.com

Background: Sinonasal disease, especially rhinosinusitis, is the most prevalent disease in the Otorhinolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery Department. Different anatomical variations of the lateral walls of nose play important role in contributing to osteomeatal complex obstruction, and drainage and ventilation distruption, which eventually causes inflammation of the sinus mucosa. Objective: To discover the characteristics of sinonasal anatomical variations in patients with chronic rhinosinusitis based on their CT scan findings. Method: This is an observative descriptive study using cross-sectional design. All chronic rhinosinusitis patients who came to department of Otorhinolaryngology in H Adam Malik General Hospital and Universitas Sumatera Utara Hospital, Medan, Indonesia, will undergo CT Scan examination to explore their anatomical variation. The inclusion criteria of this study is patient diagnosed with chronic rhinosinusitis who are not diagnosed with nasal polyp, who do not have history of nasal trauma, and do not have history of previous nasal surgery Result: Of 40 patients with chronic rhinosinusitis, 21 patients were male and 19 patients were female. The most prevalent anatomical variation found is septal deviation (18 patients/ 45%), with maxillary sinus as the most involved sinus (85%). Conclusion: From the CT scan findings of chronic rhinosinusitis patients, the most prevalent anatomical variation that is found in 18 patients (45%). This high incidence of anatomical variation need for proper preoperative assessment for save and effective endoscpic sinus surgery.

Index Terms: Chronic Rhinosinusitis, Anatomical Variation, CT Scan



Prevalence Of Acute Otitis Media In North Sumatera Province, Indonesia

Aditiya Yuda Perkasa Alam Simbolon ^{1*},Devira Zahara ², Askaroellah Aboet ³ ^{1,2,3}Faculty of Medicine Universities Sumatera Utara / H. Adam Malik General Hospital Medan, Indonesia **Corresponding email:** dr.aditiyasimbolon@gmail.com

Background: Acute otitis media (AOM) is the second most prevalent disease found in children after upper respiratory tract infection (URTI). AOM prevalence varies in different countries, ranging between 2,3 - 20%. Epidemiological studies of AOM in developing countries are very rare. As of today, no prevalence data of AOM found in North Sumatera. Thus, there needs to be an epidemiological data to establish prevention strategy and treatment based on population profile. Objective: To acquire prevalence data and patient profile of AOM in North Sumatera. Method: This is a descriptive study with cross-sectional design. The study population is all the people living in North Sumatera Province who were selected through Simple Random Sampling in several chosen sub-districts. The inclusion criteria of this study is the total population who are willing to be the subject of this study. Result: AOM patients was found as much as 37 of 1726 subjects. Therefore, the prevalence of AOM is 2,2%. The most prevalent age group is 0 - 5 years old (45,9%). The most prevalent symptom is otalgia (37,8%). Conclusion: The prevalence of AOM in North Sumatera is 2,2%. There is a need for better ear care and screening program for early detection of this disease.

Index Terms: Acute Otitis Media, Prevalence, North Sumatera



Expression of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor in Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma in H. Adam Malik General Hospital Medan

Yuli Tetriana Sari ^{1*}Rizalina A. Asnir ² Ashri Yudhistira ³,Sutoyo Eliandy⁴ ^{1,2,3,4}Faculty of Medicine Universities Sumatera Utara / H. Adam Malik General Hospital Medan, Indonesia

Corresponding email: ulie8783@gmail.com

Background: Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma (JNA) is a benign blood vessel tumor that is locally aggressive in young adults. VEGF is an important growth factor in tumor biology. VEGF overexpression has been associated with tumor progression and poor prognosis in various types of tumors. VEGF expression in angiofibroma has been previously noted and associated with proliferation and increasing blood vessel density Objective: To determine the expression of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF) in Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma (JNA). Methods: A descriptive research with cross-sectional study design, the data was taken from medical records at the H. Adam Malik general hospital Medan from Januari 2011 to December 2017 with a total sample 24. Inclusion criteria included a sticky medical record and clear identify and had paraffin blocks with a juvenile nasopharyngeal angiofibroma diagnosis. Results: VEGF overexpression was found in 14 male patients (60.9%), and 11 people (61.1%) out of 18 people under the age of 20 years. In stage III, VEGF overexpression was found to be 90% and at stage IV reached 100%. Conclusion: VEGF overexpression in JNA was found especially at advanced stages.

Index Terms: Juvenile Nasopharyngeal Angiofibroma (JNA), Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF), Immunohistochemistry



The Correlation Between Chlorine Exposure with Olfactory Function Disorders in Textile Factory Workers of PT. X in Medan.

Carlo Maulana Akbar 1*

Faculty of Medicine Universities Sumatera Utara / H. Adam Malik General Hospital Medan, Indonesia **Corresponding email:** carlocurly@gmail.com

Background: Textile factories are the main source of employment throughout the world. the textile industry is considered to be one of the most ecologically polluted industries, the use of chemicals such as chlorine found in textile factories can cause disruption of olfactory function. Purpose: To determine the correlation between chlorine exposure with olfactory function disorders in textile factory workers of PT. X in Medan. Method: The study was conducted in an analytical form with cross sectional research design. The research subjects were 64 people, consisting of 32 people exposed to chlorine and 32 people not exposed to chlorine which met the inclusion and exclusion criteria. Result: Based on the results of the olfactory function examination the proportion of olfactory disorders was obtained by workers exposed to chlorine by 31.3% while those who were not exposed to chlorine by 0%. Significant relationship was obtained between length of work and impaired olfactory function (p = 0.005). Conclusion: There are differences in olfactory function in textile factory function in textile factory function in the compared to those not exposed to chlorine by using Sniffin 'Sticks Test in the city of Medan.

Index Terms: Chlorine, Olfactory Function, Sniffin Sticks Test, Textile Factory



Upcoming Events

https://aet-forum.com/upcoming/